

```

1 // An implementation of a simplified STL Vector
2 // George F. Riley, Georgia Tech, Fall 2009
3
4 template<class T> class GFRVec
5 {
6 public:
7     GFRVec() : first(0), last(0), end(0) {}
8     GFRVec(size_t n)
9     { // Create a GFRVec with "n" copies of T, with default constructor
10        first = new T[n];
11        last = first + n;
12        end = last;
13    }
14    GFRVec(size_t n, const T& t)
15    { // Create a GFRVec with "n" copies of t
16        first = new T[n];
17        for (size_t i = 0; i < n; ++i) first[i] = t; // Populate the vector
18        last = first + n;
19        end = last;
20    }
21    GFRVec(const GFRVec& c)
22    { // Copy Constructor
23        first = new T[c.size()]; // Allocate memory
24        for (size_t i = 0; i < c.size(); ++i) first[i] = c[i]; // Copy elements
25        last = first + c.size();
26        end = last;
27    }
28    ~GFRVec()
29    { // Destructor, remove all elements
30        clear();
31    }
32    GFRVec& operator=(const GFRVec& rhs)
33    { // Assignment operator
34        if (this == &rhs) return *this; // Self assignment
35        delete [] first; // Free old memory
36        first = new T[rhs.size()]; // Allocate memory
37        for (size_t i = 0; i < rhs.size(); ++i)
38            first[i] = rhs[i]; // Copy the elements
39        last = first + rhs.size();
40        end = last;
41    }
42    T& operator[](size_t i) const
43    { // Indexing operator
44        return first[i];
45    }
46    T& back() const
47    { // Return last element
48        return first[size()-1];
49    }
50    T& front() const
51    { // Return last element
52        return first[0];
53    }
54    void pop_back()
55    { // Remove last element
56        last--;

```

Program GFRVec.h

```

57         first[size()].~T(); // Call destructor on just popped object
58     }
59     void push_back(const T& t)
60     { // Add new element
61         if (last != end)
62             { // Room for new object without re-allocating
63                 first[size()] = t;
64                 last++;
65             }
66         else
67             { // Need to re-allocate
68                 T* tmp = new T[end-first+1];
69                 for (size_t i = 0; i < size(); ++i) tmp[i] = first[i];
70                 tmp[size()] = t; // Add new element
71                 last = tmp + (last - first) + 1;
72                 end = last;
73                 delete [] first; // Delete and destroy old objects
74                 first = tmp;
75             }
76     }
77     size_t size() const
78     { // Number of elements in the vector
79         return last - first;
80     }
81     void reserve(size_t n)
82     { // Reserve space for "n" elements
83         if (n <= (end-first)) return; // Less than already reserved
84         T* tmp = new T[n]; // Allocate new memory
85         for (size_t i = 0; i < size(); ++i) tmp[i] = first[i];
86         last = tmp + last - first;
87         delete [] first;
88         first = tmp;
89         end = first + n;
90     }
91     void clear()
92     { // Erase all elements
93         while(size()) pop_back();
94     }
95
96     private:
97         T* first; // Initial element
98         T* last; // Last element
99         T* end; // End of allocated storage
100    };
101
102
103
104

```

Program GFRVec.h (continued)

```

1 // An implementation of a simplified STL Vector
2 // This one uses uninitialized alloc and placement new operator
3 // George F. Riley, Georgia Tech, Fall 2009
4
5 template<class T> class GFRVec
6 {
7 public:
8     GFRVec() : first(0), last(0), end(0) {}
9     GFRVec(size_t n)
10    { // Create a GFRVec with "n" copies of T, with default constructor
11        first = (T*)malloc(n * sizeof(T));
12        for (size_t i = 0; i < n; ++i)
13        {
14            new (&first[i]) T();
15        }
16        last = first + n;
17        end = last;
18    }
19    GFRVec(size_t n, const T& t)
20    { // Create a GFRVec with "n" copies of t
21        first = (T*)malloc(n * sizeof(T));
22        for (size_t i = 0; i < n; ++i)
23        { // Use copy constructor to populate
24            new (&first[i]) T(t);
25        }
26        last = first + n;
27        end = last;
28    }
29    GFRVec(const GFRVec& c)
30    { // Copy Constructor
31        first = (T*)malloc(c.size() * sizeof(T));
32        for (size_t i = 0; i < c.size(); ++i)
33        {
34            new (&first[i]) T(c[i]); // Copy elements
35        }
36        last = first + c.size();
37        end = last;
38    }
39 ~GFRVec()
40    { // Destructor, remove all elements
41        clear();
42    }
43    GFRVec& operator=(const GFRVec& rhs)
44    { // Assignment operator
45        if (this == &rhs) return *this; // Self assignment
46        free(first);
47        first = (T*)malloc(rhs.size() * sizeof(T));
48        for (size_t i = 0; i < rhs.size(); ++i)
49        {
50            new (&first[i]) T(rhs[i]); // Copy the elements
51        }
52        last = first + rhs.size();
53        end = last;
54    }
55    T& operator[](size_t i) const

```

Program GFRVec1.h

```

57      { // Indexing operator
58          return first[i];
59      }
60      T& back() const
61      { // Return last element
62          return first[size()-1];
63      }
64      T& front() const
65      { // Return last element
66          return first[0];
67      }
68      void pop_back()
69      { // Remove last element
70          last--;
71          first[size()].~T(); // Call destructor on just popped object
72      }
73      void push_back(const T& t)
74      { // Add new element
75          if (last != end)
76          { // Room for new object without re-allocating
77              new (&first[size()]) T(t);
78              last++;
79          }
80          else
81          { // Need to re-allocate
82              T* tmp = (T*)malloc((size() + 1) * sizeof(T));
83              for (size_t i = 0; i < size(); ++i)
84                  { // Copy old elements
85                      new (&tmp[i]) T(first[i]);
86                  }
87              new (&tmp[size()]) T(t);
88              for (size_t i = 0; i < size(); ++i)
89                  { // Destroy old elements
90                      first[i].~T();
91                  }
92              last = tmp + (last - first) + 1;
93              end = last;
94              free(first);
95              first = tmp;
96          }
97      }
98      size_t size() const
99      { // Number of elements in the vector
100         return last - first;
101     }
102     void reserve(size_t n)
103     { // Reserve space for "n" elements
104         if (n <= (end-first)) return; // Less than already reserved
105         T* tmp = (T*)malloc(n * sizeof(T));
106         for (size_t i = 0; i < size(); ++i)
107             { // Copy elements to new space
108                 new (&tmp[i]) T(first[i]);
109             }
110         last = tmp + last - first;
111         free(first);
112         first = tmp;

```

Program GFRVec1.h (continued)

```
113         end = first + n;
114     }
115     void clear()
116     { // Erase all elements
117         while(size()) pop_back();
118         free(first);
119         first = 0;
120         last = 0;
121         end = 0;
122     }
123
124 private:
125     T* first; // Initial element
126     T* last; // Last element
127     T* end; // End of allocated storage
128 };
129
130
131
132
```

Program GFRVec1.h (continued)